

WOMEN TURNED TO FURIES

Hundreds of Them Attack a Gang of Italian Laborers.

ONE MAN FATALLY INJURED

Extra Deputies Sent to the Berwind-White Mines—Miners Not Satisfied with the Columbus Compromise—Agreement—Coal Trains Held Up in West Virginia.

WELLSBORO, Pa., June 12.—Sheriff Irvin, of this county, returned this afternoon from Arnot, where he was summoned last night to deal with a riot of formidable dimensions, arising out of the coal miners' strike.

The sheriff brings the first details of the affair, which resulted in the fatal injury of one of the men and the serious injury of a number of other members of a gang of Italian laborers, who were attacked by stones, clubs, and other weapons in the hands of an infuriated mob of several hundred men, women, and children.

The trouble arose out of the attempt upon the part of the officials of the Erie railroad to remove about 1,200 tons of screenings which have accumulated at Arnot. Superintendent Smith, of Elmira, brought fifty-two track hands from Elmira and began to load the stuff on the cars. A great crowd gathered, and finally some one hurled a stone at the laborers.

This was the signal for a volley of missiles, which the Italians returned with interest, but the attacking party resorted to revolvers, and the laborers fled to the woods, through which they made their way to Blossburg, where they were picked up by a coal train and taken back to Elmira.

One of the laborers was hit in the temple by a stone, which crushed his skull, and he is now in the hospital at Blossburg, where it is said he will probably die. Five others are with him, all suffering from bruises and cuts of a serious nature. Others were badly hurt, but were able to get to Elmira.

Some of the attacking party were also hurt, but not seriously. The sheriff reports that all is quiet there now, but it is because no attempt is being made to move the screenings. The miners declare they will not permit it to be moved, and today they unloosed several hundred tons of screenings yesterday by the Italians before the riot commenced. They also attempted to start on the down grade several cars, but were prevented to do so, but were prevented by the railroad men.

The strikers assert that the removal of the refuse coal is only a scheme upon the part of the company to introduce foreign labor and is an entering wedge toward putting that element to work in the mines. A number of arrests will in all probability follow yesterday's trouble.

NOT SATISFACTORY.

Fourth Pool Miners Don't Like the Settlement Reached at Columbus.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 12.—News of the settlement proposed at Columbus was not received with favor by a majority of the fourth pool miners, and it is doubtful whether they may abide by the decision reached. A prominent labor official said today: "The settlement reached yesterday is not satisfactory to us. We think a 70-cent rate is the lowest we can consider, and if no further concession is made it is likely that the fourth pool will demand a higher rate or continue their end of the strike."

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SHINGLES READY FOR THEM

Not for Corportal Application but to Hang in Doorways.

YOUNG GRADUATES IN THE LAW

Columbian University Presents Diplomas to Fifty-eight Masters and Eighty-one Bachelors—Many Prizes Awarded Bright Students—Honorable Mention.

Another wholesale batch of young men were given diplomas for the completion of the prescribed course in jurisprudence at the Academy of Music last night, on the occasion of the twenty-ninth annual commencement and conferring of degrees of the Columbian University law school. The graduation exercises were presided over by a host of no less than twenty-five judges of the law.

Pretty decorations and fragrant flowers profusely decorated the little amphitheater. The stage was set with an elaborate exterior scene, and above the center of the footlights were the words "Columbian University Law School, '94," formed of a combination of evergreen and red, yellow, and green electric lights.

Musical selections of a classical and catchy nature were freely dispensed by the Marino Band. After the band had rendered an overture, the president of the university, formerly opened the programme by an invocation.

The annual address to the graduating class was delivered by the Hon. James C. Carter, L. J. In the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Carter impressed upon the young men that they live in a free land and under a popular government, and that they are to be the future of the country.

Prizes were conferred upon the graduating members by Dr. William A. Loring. A letter was read from Justice Harlan, congratulating the graduates upon their success and wishing them unbounded success in their future careers.

Prizes were awarded as follows: For best essays—First prize, \$40 in cash, to James McIlvaine Gray; second prize, \$20 in cash, to Walter H. Ryland; third prize, \$10 in cash, to Edward T. Lee, of Connecticut; subject, "The Judiciary."

A second gasoline explosion in the entry way of the building at 211 North Second street, in sixty seconds the interior of the building was hanging from cornices or being dropped out of a window, and dozens of persons were killed. The explosion was caused by a gas leak from a pipe in the wall.

The first fire occurred early in the day at the residence of Mrs. Annie Kokinsky, No. 923 Second street. The firemen succeeded in rescuing three persons, but the loss of the building was estimated at \$10,000.

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GAVE SPAIN A SHAKING.

Several People Killed and Others Wounded by Earthquake Shocks.

NEVER GAVE TO THE MINORITY

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PRESIDENT CLEVELAND ILL.

His Illness Is Not Serious, but He Remains in His Room.

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SOLVING THE GAS PROBLEM

Representative Livingston's Bill to Incorporate the Proposed Company.

FOR IMMEDIATE DOLLAR GAS

What Commissioner Ross Has to Say on the Question of Competition and Rates Between Two Companies—The Matter Will Receive Attention of the Commissioners.

The people of Washington will soon have \$1 gas. It is possible that they may have even a lower price to pay.

House some time ago, and has been favorably reported upon in the Senate. But at the hearing accorded yesterday Col. Livingston made an argument before the Commissioners in behalf of his bill for the incorporation of the National Gas and Electric Light, Heat, and Power Company of the District of Columbia, which provides that the new company shall furnish an illuminating gas of twenty-four cents per thousand for lighting the streets or public buildings of the city of Washington, and 75 cents per thousand for private consumers.

The bill further provides for 5 cents per thousand for lighting the streets or public buildings of the city of Washington, and 75 cents per thousand for private consumers.

When the Commissioners decided for the present to recommend the bill for \$1 gas, with certain amendments concerning inspectors' decisions, transmitted yesterday in a letter to the House District Committee, Col. Livingston announced that in any event he intended to get his bill up before Congress, and would offer it as a substitute for the \$1 gas bill.

POINT MADE BY COL. LIVINGSTON. Col. Livingston's message to the House that his bill enables the telegraph and other companies who are obliged to use underground wires to make use of the conduits constructed by the national company, provided they do so while the conduits are open for the laying of the gas mains and branches of the proposed company. He also said that the bill would have a character that hereafter repairs can be made without necessitating the tearing up of the streets. These subways will be sufficiently large to enable the laying of all wires and pipes which are usually required to be laid underground in other cities, and to enable the city to reach them without difficulty.

Mr. Ross, president of the Board of District Commissioners, said to a representative of THE TIMES yesterday, that he was not at all surprised that the bill would be introduced into the House, and that he was